

# KAUPAPA RANGAHAU: POTENTIAL FOCUS AREAS

## For Te Taura and Te Aho research funding streams

We're looking for projects that support mātauranga and rangatiratanga in relation to our changing climate. We also encourage projects that will help you to understand, assess and respond to climate risks that are important/relevant to you. Please have a look at these Kaupapa Rangahau: potential focus areas. We encourage research that speaks to these gaps, but we don't want you to feel limited by these ideas.

## MĀTAURANGA

### Mātauranga and our changing climate

Drawing on mātauranga to activate, grow and pass on climate knowledges

### Te Reo Māori and climate change

Language revitalisation in the context of climate change

### Resilience and well-being

Community cohesion, identity, attachment, wairua and well-being in the face of future displacement, trauma and urbanisation. An ethic of restoration for future generations.

### Tikanga for planning and decision making

Mana, kawa, tikanga, ritenga

## RANGATIRATANGA

### Te Tiriti o Waitangi

Te Tiriti implications and Tikanga Māori in relation to managed retreat (Including: national fund for managed retreat, and the proposed Natural and Built Environments Act, Strategic Planning Act and Climate Change Adaptation Act)

### Tino Rangatiratanga: Leadership and autonomy

Governance for climate adaptation

Constitutional transformation in the context of climate change

### He Atua

Legal personhood for atua and tūpuna Māori in the context of climate change: Could a “law of Ranginui, Papatūānuku and Tangaroa/Hinemoana” support climate action and adaptation in Aotearoa?

### Decolonising climate action and adaptation

Indigenising policy and action; Mana wāhine and climate policy and action; Supporting rangatahi to advocate for Māori rights & responsibilities

### He kai kei aku ringa

Food security and food sovereignty in relation to future climate crisis and future land-use changes likely under climate change

### Local government: Barriers and opportunities

Research that identifies effective strategies and responses to support iwi and hapū to be self-determining adapting to climate change, within (or in spite of) existing local government legislative infrastructure

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## UNDERSTANDING RISK

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### **Ecosystem impacts and restoration**

Impacts on and restoration of our ecosystems (terrestrial, freshwater and coastal-marine domains) and taonga species

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### **The Māori economy**

The Māori economy is heavily dependent on the natural environment. How exposed is it to climate change? How can pākihi Māori, hapū/iwi trusts, Māori entrepreneurs, artists, and weavers etc, adapt?

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### **Financial risks for the Māori economy**

Implications for Māori agents such as Māori holding corporations, pākihi Māori, hapū/iwi trusts and incorporations of the Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosure and Other Matters) Act

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### **Cultural heritage**

Risks to marae, wāhi tapu, wāhi tīpuna and other cultural heritage due to ongoing sea-level rise, extreme weather events and wildfire

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### **The built environment**

Assessing and addressing risk to infrastructure important to Māori including: drinking water supplies; wastewater and stormwater systems; transport networks; emergency management systems

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### **Just transitions**

Principles and policy behind a just transition from a Māori perspective: understanding & supporting Māori to shift from carbon-intensive industries; understanding & supporting Māori landowners to reduce or eliminate carbon emissions

